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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO. 09/821,474 03/30/2001 Monica K. Davis 64951-147/SP01-050 8851 22428 7590 06/16/2003 FOLEY AND LARDNER EXAMINER SUITE 500 DERRINGTON, JAMES H 3000 K STREET NW WASHINGTON, DC 20007 ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER

> 1731 DATE MAILED: 06/16/2003

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
Office Action Summary	09/821,474	DAVIS ET AL.
	Examiner	Art Unit
	James Derrington	1731
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).  - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  Status		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>Jan 15, 2003</u> .		
2a)☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This	☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☑ This action is non-final.	
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.		
Disposition of Claims		
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-24</u> is/are pending in the application.		
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.		
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.		
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-24</u> is/are rejected.		
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.		
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.		
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.		
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.		
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).		
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.		
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action. 12)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120		
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).		
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:		
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.		
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No		
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage		
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.		
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).		
<ul> <li>a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.</li> <li>15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.</li> </ul>		
Attachment(s)		
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Informal Pa	PTO-413) Paper No(s) atent Application (PTO-152)
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The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-5 and 7-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Irven et al (4,165,224) in view of Matsumura et al (4,426,129). This is a new rejection (the rejections over these references taken alone have been withdrawn).

Irven et al disclose the process of making a perform for fiber drawing comprising depositing optical material inside a tube and then collapsing the successive layers in a reducing atmosphere comprising GeCl<sub>4</sub> (See Col. 4, line 14 ff). Successive layers of optical material would be inherently produced and it is clear that Irven envisions subjecting the perform to drawing procedures. Irven et al disclose that a small overpressure in the tube is maintained during collapsing of the tube whereby circular symmetry is preserved (Col. 3, lines 29-38). Irven et al defines overpressure in the tube as slightly greater than the outside pressure. (Col. 3, lines 33-34). Therefore the overpressure of Irven et al qualifies as a "positive pressure" greater than ambient pressure as defined in applicant's response (Sep 25, 2002). One of ordinary skill in the art would have been able to determine overpressure values as recited in the dependent claims in order to accomplish the improved collapsing technique of Irven et al.

Matsmura et al disclose a related process using only GeCl<sub>4</sub> as an atmosphere during the collapsing step (See Abstract, examples and Col. 12, lines 14-16). The atmosphere would be reducing to the same extent as claim 5. It would have been obvious to use

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only GeCl<sub>4</sub> in the process of Irven if this is the type of product desired. With regard to claims 7-8, Matsumura et al disclose both boron and Ge doping (See Col. 3, line 9 ff and examples). It would have obvious to use these dopants for their art recognized purposes.

Claims 6 and 13-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Irven et al (4,165,224) in view of Matsumura et al (4,426,129) as applied to claims 1-5 and 7-12 above, and further in view of Fanucci et al (4,465,708), Campion et al (6,201,917), Ohga et al (5,763,081) or Atkins et al (5,745,615).

Fanucci et al (4,465,708) disclose a related process where argon and/or helium gas is employed during vapor deposition production of performs employing GeCl<sub>4</sub> (See Col. 3, lines 39-51). It would have been obvious to additionally use He or Argon with the instant process for the art intended purpose.

Campion et al (6,201,917) disclose a related process and teach that in general fiber-drawing tension lies in the range of 10 to 250 g and preferably in the range 30 to 150 g (sentence bridging Cols. 6 and 7). It would have been obvious to use a drawing tension of 150 g with the instant process since this tension is generally used by the prior art.

Ohga et al (5,763,081) disclose that fibers can be drawn from  $GeO_2$  and  $SiO_2$  at temperatures of about 2100 C° (example 2) or 2000 C° (See Col. 10, line 13). It would have been obvious to use these temperatures for drawing the instant fibers for the art disclosed purposes.

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Atkins et al (5,745,615) disclose a process of exposing a Ge doped silica fiber to UV for the production of gratings (See Abstract, Title and Col. 2, lines 57-58). The exposure times of claims 18-21 fall within the teachings of Atkins et al (Fig. 1). The process produces useful Bragg gratings, long period gratings and gratings serving to stabilize the output of lasers (See Col. 6, lines 32-35 and Col. 5, lines 33-34). It would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art to use the procedures of Atkins et al with the optical fibers produced by Irven et al. as modified by Matsumura et al. for the purpose of producing useful gratings.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to James Derrington whose telephone number is 703 308-3832. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30am - 5pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Steven Griffin can be reached on 703 308-1164. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703 305-7718 for regular communications and 703 872-9311 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703 308 0661.

jd June 15, 2003 JAMES DERRINGTON PRIMARY EXAMINER

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